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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/072,721 | 02/06/2002 | Kiyotaka Matsuno | 15252 | 1963 |
| <div>7590 10/29/2007</div> <div>Scully, Scott, Murphy & Presser 400 Garden City Plaza Garden City, NY 11530</div> | | | | |
| | | | EXAMINER | |
| | | | MENDOZA, MICHAEL G | |
| | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 3734 | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 10/29/2007 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/072,721

Applicant(s)

MATSUNO ET AL.

Examiner

Michael G. Mendoza

Art Unit

3734

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 July 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 35-54 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 35-54 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- 1) ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - 2) ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - 3) ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 6/29/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
2. As to the argument that the invention is disposable. Any device can be disposable if it is able to be thrown away. The addition of the limitation of disposable does not result in a structural difference.
3. As to the argument that the actuating wire and the coupling member are integrally formed, it has been held that forming in one piece an article which has formerly been formed in two pieces and put together involves only routing skill in the art. *Howard v. Detroit Stove Works*, 105 U.S. 164 (1893).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

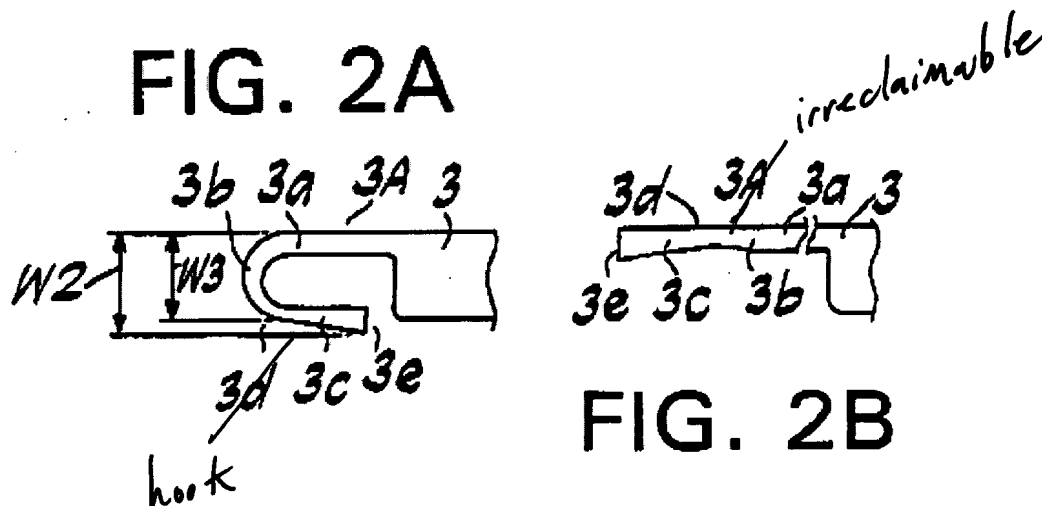
(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.
2. Claim 35-54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsuno 5766189.
3. Matsuno discloses the claimed invention except for wherein the coupling member is nondetachably fixed. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the coupling member is nondetachably fixed, since it has been held that forming in one piece an article which has formerly

Art Unit: 3734

been formed in two pieces and put together involved only routine skill in the art.

Howard v. Detroit Stove Works, 150 U.S. 164 (1893).

4. As to claims 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 45, 49, 50, 52, and 53, Matsuno teaches a disposable clipping device for clipping tissue in the body of a patient comprising: a sheath member; an actuating wire; a coupling member; a clip unit having a tissue clip; wherein the clipping device is disposable; and the coupling member is fixed to the actuating wire, and when the clip clips tissue, the clipping member is rendered irreclaimable while being kept fixed with the actuating wire, released from the clip unit, and remains at the distal end of the actuating wire; an insertion tube that is fitted over the sheath member and movable longitudinally relative to the same; a first operation unit mounted in the area of the proximal end of the insertion tube, as well as a second operation unit for exercising a pulling action on the actuation wire, wherein the second operation unit is provided with a slider that is coupled to the proximal end of the actuating wire; wherein the coupling member is provided with a hook; and wherein the insertion tube is provided with raised portions at its inner surface and/or its outer surface.



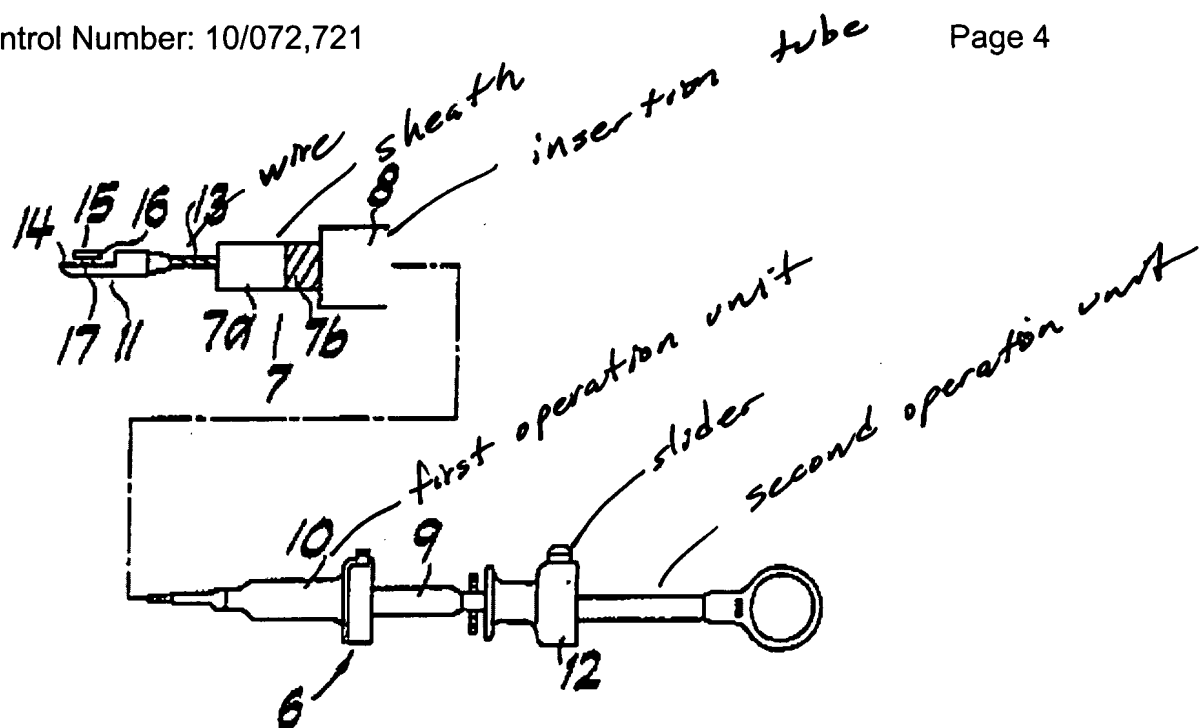


FIG. 3

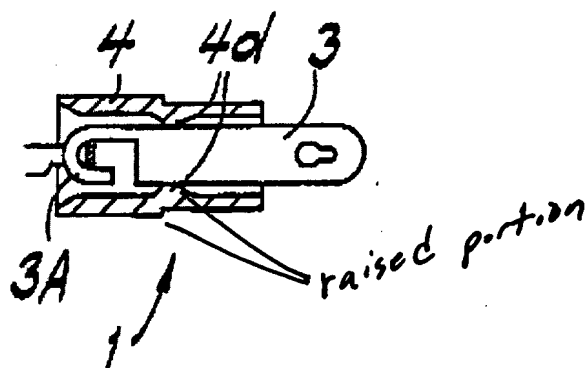


FIG. 9A

5. As to claims 36-37, 41, 46-48, and 51, Matsuno fails to teach wherein the operation wire and coupling member are connected to each other by passing the actuation wire through a hole of the coupling member and by turning the operation wire back, or wherein the operation wire and coupling member are connected to each other by welding, or wherein the operation wire and coupling member are connected to each

Art Unit: 3734

other by clamping. Matsuno teaches a one-piece design (fig. 4). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to connect the wire and coupling member as recited in the claims because the particulars of the connection are a mere design choice. Furthermore, the Applicant has not disclosed why the particulars of the operation wire are of importance or solve a stated problem or provide an advantage over the prior art.

6. As to claims 44 and 54, Matsuno teaches the clipping device of claims 35 and 45. It should be noted that Matsuno fails to teach wherein the clipping device is arranged in a packing unit. However, it is well known in the art of disposable surgical devices to pack the devices to maintain sterility. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to pack the device to maintain the sterility of the device before use.

Contacts

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael G. Mendoza whose telephone number is (571) 272-4698. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Hayes can be reached on (571) 272-4959. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 3734

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



MM



MICHAEL J. HAYES
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER